

Make the right choice:

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| <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1) Old English had features of<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>a) the Celtic languages;</li><li>b) the Germanic languages;</li><li>c) the Norman and French languages;</li><li>d) the Latin language.</li></ol></li><li>2) The literary and spoken Middle English originated mostly from<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>a) Anglo-Saxon;</li><li>b) Old French;</li><li>c) both Old French and Anglo-Saxon;</li><li>d) Latin.</li></ol></li><li>3) <i>The Father of English Poetry/Literature</i> is the nickname of<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>a) William Caxton;</li><li>b) William Shakespeare;</li><li>c) Caedmon;</li><li>d) Geoffrey Chaucer.</li></ol></li><li>4) <i>Canterbury Tales</i> are written in<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>a) Old English;</li><li>b) Middle English;</li><li>c) Modern English;</li><li>d) German.</li></ol></li><li>5) <i>Canterbury Tales</i> are often called<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>a) encyclopedia of English life and literature;</li><li>b) encyclopedia of English life;</li><li>c) encyclopedia of English literature;</li><li>d) encyclopedia of the English language.</li></ol></li><li>6) The Renaissance began in<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>a) England;</li><li>b) France;</li><li>c) Germany;</li><li>d) Italy.</li></ol></li><li>7) William Shakespeare's best works are<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>a) Long poems;</li><li>b) Novels;</li><li>c) Short stories;</li><li>d) Plays and sonnets.</li></ol></li><li>8) William Shakespeare did not write<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>a) King Lear;</li><li>b) Macbeth;</li><li>c) Doctor Faustus;</li><li>d) Othello.</li></ol></li><li>9) The Ploughman Poet is the nickname of<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>a) Robert Southey;</li><li>b) Robert Burns;</li><li>c) Robert Stevenson;</li><li>d) Robert Frost.</li></ol></li><li>10) The Romantic period was rich in<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>a) Poetry;</li><li>b) Nonfiction prose;</li><li>c) Literary criticism;</li><li>d) Drama</li></ol></li></ol> | <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>11) Sir Walter Scott made the genre of ... very popular.<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>a) science fiction;</li><li>b) fantasy;</li><li>c) historical novel;</li><li>d) gothic novel.</li></ol></li><li>12) ... was the leader of the revolutionary Romantics.<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>a) Shelley;</li><li>b) Byron;</li><li>c) Coleridge;</li><li>d) Wordsworth.</li></ol></li><li>13) Some Romantics wanted to return to the<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>a) heaven;</li><li>b) nature;</li><li>c) family traditions;</li><li>d) prehistoric times.</li></ol></li><li>14) The Brontë sisters were a family of English novelists of the<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>a) Renaissance period;</li><li>b) Romantic period;</li><li>c) Victorian period;</li><li>d) Restoration period.</li></ol></li><li>15) Oscar Wilde wrote fairy tales for<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>a) children;</li><li>b) grown-ups;</li><li>c) both children and grown-ups;</li><li>d) teenagers.</li></ol></li><li>16) Oscar Wilde thought that art<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>a) has many different purposes;</li><li>b) is absolutely useless;</li><li>c) is useful for education;</li><li>d) is useful for culture.</li></ol></li><li>17) The main principle of aestheticism is that art serves no other purpose than<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>a) love;</li><li>b) poetry;</li><li>c) beauty;</li><li>d) nature.</li></ol></li></ol> |
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